

ALL NOW IN READINESS FOR TO-DAY'S BIG STRUGGLE.

Both Parties Express Confidence in a Favorable
Decision by the Voters of the Country.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS FULL OF CONFIDENCE.

Hon. James K. Jones, the Democratic National Chairman,
Predicts the Triumphant Election of Bryan and Steven-
son—Marc Hanna Takes the Opposite View—Encourag-
ing News From Other States for the Democrats—Crocker
Expresses Confidence in the Prospect of Carrying New
York—Reports From States in Which the Vote Will
be Close.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Omaha, Neb., Nov. 5.—Mr. Bryan to-
night gave out the following state-
ment:

"The evidence is in, the arguments
have been made and the case is now
submitted to the jury. If the jury will
accept the Declaration of Independence
and the Constitution of the United
States as the instructions of the court
there will be no doubt as to the verdict.
I hope that the people will vote early
and then see that the vote is counted
as cast. I have been informed that
there is a plan to buy any purchasable
votes with a sum contingent upon gains
in the precinct; but I do not believe
that the plan will work, because a
Democrat who would become a Republi-
can worker at the last moment would
be suspected by his neighbors, and that
I believe that the people are so much
in earnest that bribery upon any ex-
tended scale will be impossible."

CHAIRMAN JONES' CLAIMS.
Chicago, Nov. 5.—Chairman James
K. Jones, of the Democratic National
Committee, on the eve of the election,
said:

"I have no doubt that the result
of the ballot to-morrow will be the
triumphant election of Bryan and Ste-
venson. The Democratic party has ap-
pealed in this campaign to the reason
and conscience of the people, while
the Republicans have appealed to pas-
sion and prejudice. In the great forum
of public opinion I have no doubt the
Democratic party has won in this, the
greatest of its national struggles. For
years ago the Democratic party was
deficient in organization, whereas, now
it is more perfectly organized and
more efficient than it has been in any
campaign. The National Committee
has been in touch with every part of
the country and familiar with all the
details of the work. While the cam-
paign fund has not been enriched by the
contributions of great trusts, it has re-
ceived the patriotic aid of the great
working classes in sufficient quantity
to defray the expenses of the cam-
paign, which was even more satisfac-
tory than if it had been otherwise."

"The country is now aroused as it
has never before since the great
civil war, and the result can be nothing
less than the triumph of the
National Democratic ticket."

MARK HANNA'S VIEWS.
Chicago, Nov. 5.—The following state-
ment was given out at the headquar-
ters of the National Republican Com-
mittee:

"There are few surface indications
at this time dissimilar to those of four
years ago, when McKinley swept the
country by the greatest majority prob-
ably ever given to a Presidential candi-
date. The work of the Republicans
during the past four weeks has been

marvelously effective. It has been
marked everywhere by completeness
in detail of machinery, harmonious
action and desired results. In the his-
tory of the party no better organiza-
tion has ever existed. McKinley and
Roosevelt will carry every State which
voted for McKinley and Hobart four
years ago, and certainly seven or eight
others that voted for Bryan in 1896.
The alleged hopes of Crocker and
Bryan as to carrying Indiana and New
York are simply following out the pro-
gram of claiming everything in sight
for the purpose of encouraging their
followers in close States to make the
most desperate efforts for success. The
claims of the Republicans are based
upon the result of actual work and re-
ported by men in the field, brought up
through precinct, ward, township, city,
county and State organizations and
upon actual facts as shown by the
closest poll ever made by any political
organization."

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 5.—The most inter-
esting development in New York on
the eve of the battle is the indictment
found by the local grand jury against
Chief of Police William S. Devery on
the charge of interfering with the work
of State Superintendent of Elections
John McCullagh. Chief Devery's bail
was fixed, and arrangements have been
made for hearing the case the day after
the election. The indictment has at-
tracted a great deal of attention in
political circles. The points involved
appear to hinge upon the rights of
men to swear in their votes when
challenged by any of the deputies of
the State superintendent of elections.

The legal aspects of the case are in-
teresting Republican and Democratic
leaders, for the reason that it has
been feared that a clash might occur
at the polls to-morrow between the
5,000 policemen and the 800 deputies.
At all the political headquarters, at
the office of the chief of police and at
the Democratic Club the consensus
of opinion seemed to be that the elec-
tion would prove a quiet one, despite
the differences of opinion between the
chief of police and the State superin-
tendent, unless the unexpected hap-
pens.

VOTE IN THE CITY.

Everywhere confidence is expressed
that a full vote will be polled, and Re-
publicans and Democrats alike agree
that more than 600,000 citizens in
Greater New York will to-morrow de-
posit their ballots for the men of their
choice.

Indications are that the vote in the
city will be at least 65,000 larger than
ever before in the history of Greater
New York.

Generally speaking, Republicans con-
cede that Bryan will carry Greater
New York. On the other hand, Dem-
ocrats admit that McKinley will carry
the State if Greater New York is ex-

cluded. The differences of opinion is
the question of pluralities that the
Democrats are conceded in the metrop-
olis and the Republicans are conceded
in the up-State districts.

RICHARD CROCKER'S CLAIM.
Richard Crocker claims that Bryan
will carry Greater New York by be-
tween 80,000 and 90,000.

As a general thing, Republican lead-
ers will not admit that the Borough
of Manhattan will be carried for Bryan
by more than 30,000 plurality. Both
sides claim the Borough of Brooklyn,
the Republicans by 12,000 and the
Democrats by 8,000. The population in
the Boroughs of the Bronx, Queens and
Richmond is relatively small. Dem-
ocrats and Republicans usually carry
Queens and Richmond. As for the
Bronx, the increase in population
owing to the up-town movement has
been so great that all estimates are
worthless; the population in some dis-
tricts have doubled. It will probably
not give a decisive majority either
way.

Democrats are inclined to concede
the State outside Greater New York to
McKinley by 50,000.

This is 100,000 less than the Republi-
cans allow McKinley in the same ter-
ritory.

Governor Theodore Roosevelt will re-
main at his home at Oyster Bay, on
Long Island, until after election. He
wound up his campaign for the Vice-
Presidency to-night with a brief
speech, and then visited his old friends
and neighbors.

THE BETTING.

The close of the campaign finds the
betting that has obtained during the
last fortnight practically unchanged.
Only comparatively small bets are be-
ing made, the ruling odds ranging
anywhere from 4 to 1 to 5 to 1 in favor
of McKinley.

CHIEF DEVERY INDICTED.

New York, Nov. 5.—Chief of Police
Devery has been indicted by the grand

LAST DAY OF BRYAN'S CAMPAIGN.

He Began Work Monday Half an
Hour Before Dawn.

TEDDY ROOSEVELT ANSWERED

Comments on Statements Made to Nebras-
ka Farmers by the Republican Can-
didate for Vice President—The Fallacy of
His Arguments Shown—Future of the
Philippines Under a Republican Admin-
istration Outlined—What It Will be if
the Democrats Elect Their Ticket.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Hastings, Neb., Nov. 5.—Half an hour
before dawn W. J. Bryan began the
last day of his campaign, with the
prospect of an eighteen hour day.
When he reached the depot at Lincoln
at 5:45 a.m. he found his special train
awaiting and fifty or more persons
prepared to go on the journey.

Exeter, the first stopping place, 55
miles from Lincoln, was reached at 7
o'clock. As the train halted a crowd
appeared, notwithstanding the early
hour, and Mr. Bryan was hastily es-
corted to a public hall near by. The
hall was filled to overflowing. Mr.
Bryan's speech varied little from those
in agricultural communities in other
parts of the country.

pendence to the Philippines, and they
will quit fighting when they know that
they are going to get what they are
fighting for."

THE OMAHA MEETINGS.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 5.—Mr. Bryan ar-
rived in Omaha at 8:15 o'clock to-
night and began his first speech of a series
of nine in South Omaha at 8:30. This
first speech was made in a small hall
used as a Democratic headquarters and
the hall was packed to the point of
suffocation with men, women and chil-
dren, who received the candidate with
loud acclamation and frequent applause.
The second meeting was held in the
open air in South Omaha, and the
Presidential candidate addressed an
immense crowd. He again asked his
supporters to go early to the polls. He
charged the Republicans with deserting
the plea of a full dinner pail with
which they had begun the campaign.
He took strong ground against the
permanent increase of the size of the
army and against the acquisition of the
Philippines without the consent of the
people there. The speech was received
with loud applause.

After this meeting Mr. Bryan was
rushed across the city, where he re-
ceived another cordial welcome. His
speech was devoted almost exclusively
to an appeal for attention to the elec-
tion to-morrow. He told his hearers to
go to the polls, if necessary, before
breakfast and to stay without dinner
if they could not get their votes in be-
fore.

AT HIS HOME CITY.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 5.—With the ex-
ception of seven speeches at Omaha
to-night William J. Bryan completed
his presidential campaign tour of this
State with a speech in his home city
at 6 o'clock this evening. He returned
here at that time from a twelve hour
tour of the interior of the State, and
delivered a speech of about thirty min-
utes' duration to his townspeople.
Mr. Bryan seemed entirely satisfied
with the audiences that greeted him
at the various points in his own State.

DIPLOMATS DISCUSS FUTURE OF CHINA.

Ministerial Corps at Peking Ar-
ranging Basis of Negotiations.

QUESTION OF PUNISHMENTS.

This and Other Important Points Which
are to Figure in the Negotiations Have
Already Been Passed Upon—Russian
Ambassador Actively Participating in
the Discussions—Harmonious Proceed-
ings—Friction Between Allies Arises—
Rebellion Losing its Strength.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, Nov. 5.—Minister Con-
cor's last advice to the State Depart-
ment indicate that satisfactory pro-
gress is being made by the Ministerial
corps at Peking toward the arrange-
ment of a basis upon which negotia-
tions shall be had with the Chinese
Government for a final settlement.
The Ministers have passed upon the
question of punishments, and also upon
several other important points,
which are to figure in the negotiations.
The results have not been made pub-
lic.

The Russian Minister is understood to
be participating actively in the dis-
cussions, and the proceedings are har-
monious. So far these have been con-
fined to the effort to secure a perfect
agreement by all of the Ministers upon
the basis of negotiation, and up to
this time no effort has been made to
deal directly with the Chinese Govern-
ment.

It is the understanding that when
the Ministers themselves have agreed
upon their program there will be lit-
tle difficulty in securing its acceptance
by the Chinese Government, which is
indeed powerless to offer serious resis-
tance to the united demands of the
powers.

FRICITION BETWEEN ALLIES.

Peking, Sunday, Nov. 5.—A commis-
sion, consisting of the senior staff of-
ficers of the forces of each Power tak-
ing part in the Chinese campaign, is
proceeding to Shan-Hai-Kuan, on the
Gulf of Liao Tung, in order to smooth
the friction between the allied com-
manders regarding the places to be
selected for occupation by their re-
spective forces.

REBELLION WEAKENING.

Hong Kong, Nov. 5.—Reports from
Canton say the East river rebels have
moved up the river, and boats are now
running from Pak Lo to Hu Chan. It
is considered probable that the rebel-
lion will shortly die out. The reformers
admit that the rising was premature
and that they had not a sufficient sup-
ply of arms.

DANGEROUS DEMANDS.

As the French demand the execution
of the leaders in the Shieh Lung riots,
rhetorics have been posted throughout
the town urging the people to slaughter
the foreigners if the demands are
pressed.

POLITICS IN CUBA.

ENTHUSIASTIC OPENING OF CON- STITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, Nov. 5.—A cablegram
received at the War Department late
this afternoon from General Wood,
Military Governor of Cuba, reports the
enthusiastic opening of the Constitu-
tional Convention at Havana to-day.
The dispatch is as follows:
Havana, Nov. 5.
Adjutant General, Washington:
Convention opened promptly at 2
o'clock. Immense enthusiasm and
cheering for the United States. Absolu-
tely harmonious. Every evidence
that satisfaction of the people was en-
tire and complete.
WOOD,
Military Governor.

MRS. STONEWALL JACKSON.

COMPLETELY RELIEVED IN BAL- TIMORE OF NEURALGIA.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Baltimore, Nov. 5.—Mrs. Mary Ann
Jackson, widow of the Confederate
General, "Stonewall" Jackson, who has
been at the Church Home and Infirmary,
on North Broadway and Fair-
mount avenue, for more than a month,
left to-day for her home in Charlotte,
N. C., in company with a friend.
Mrs. Jackson came to Baltimore for
treatment for neuralgia, from which
she had suffered greatly. She consult-
ed Dr. Louis D. Tiffany, who advised
a surgical operation. The operation
was performed by Dr. Tiffany three
weeks ago to-day, with complete suc-
cess, and Mrs. Jackson has not suffer-
ed a moment's pain since. She is now
entirely restored to health.

Stevenson Reaches Home.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 5.—Adlai E.
Stevenson spent to-day quietly at
home. To-night he was the principal
speaker at the Collisium, talking an
hour on the question of Imperialism.
His reception by the audience was a
great ovation. He has been speaking
for six weeks in ten States. He said
to-night he is confident of the election
of Bryan. Mr. Stevenson will vote
early to-morrow and receive returns
in the evening at his home.

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CLASSIFICATION OF NEWS.

BY DEPARTMENTS.
Telegraph News—Page 1, 6, 11.
Local News—Pages 2, 3, 5, 6.
Editorial—Page 4.
Virginia News—Page 8.
North Carolina News—Page 9.
South Carolina News—Page 10.
Berkley News—Page 11.
Shipping—Page 12.
Real estate—Page 12.
Markets—Page 12.

NOW, BOYS, A FULL VOTE AND A FAIR COUNT.

Jury for alleged interference with State
Superintendent of Elections John Mc-
Cullagh. The indictment against
Chief Devery charges felony. It
charges in part:

"That he (Devery) did attempt will-
fully, knowingly and with felonious in-
tent, to hinder said McCullagh in the
performance of his duty as State Su-
perintendent of Elections."

Chief Devery's bail was fixed at \$1,
000, which was furnished by Mr.
Lyons.

ROOSEVELT INTERFERES.

New York, Nov. 5.—Chief Devery an-
nounces at police headquarters to-
night that he would rescind his order
of Sunday regarding the McCullagh
men and voters.

Mayor Van Wyck issued an order to
the chief to revoke the order. This
action followed the receipt of a short
note from Governor Roosevelt notify-
ing the Mayor "that in the event of
any wrong doing following upon the
failure immediately to recall Chief
Devery's order, or upon any action or
inaction on the part of Chief Devery,
I must necessarily call you to ac-
count."

NEW JERSEY.

New York, Nov. 5.—There has been
no change in the political situation in
New Jersey to-day. The Republicans
are confident, but the Democrats claim
that if the members of their party who
remained away from the polls four
years ago turn out to-morrow the
State will go for Bryan. The increase
in registration, the Republicans claim,
is due to the normal growth of the
voting people. The Democrats, how-

ROOSEVELT ANSWERED.

In the course of his remarks he said:
"When Mr. Roosevelt was here he
made a statement that 40 per cent. of
the real estate mortgaged in this State
had been paid off under his adminis-
tration. The fact is that a little less
than \$24,000,000 in real estate mortgages
have been released in excess of those
filed, and you must take out of the
\$24,000,000 all of the property where the
property is turned over to the mort-
gagee in satisfaction of the debt. But,
while the mortgages paid off and re-
leased on real estate are very much less
than Mr. Roosevelt says, the increase
in the chattel mortgages of this State
in the last four years is very much
greater than the decrease in the real
estate mortgages. And if you will take
the real estate mortgages filed and re-
leased and the chattel mortgages filed
and released you will find that adding
them together we have now \$149,000,000
more mortgaged indebtedness in this
State than we had four years ago; that
is, the chattel mortgages have increas-
ed so much more rapidly than the real
estate mortgages have decreased that
the increase is \$125,000,000 in four years.
Bear in mind these figures were taken
from the statistics in the labor bureau
office, and these are made up from the
sworn statements of county officials of
this State."

THE FILIPINOS.

Holerege, Neb., Nov. 5.—In his speech
here Mr. Bryan discussed trusts and
the income tax along his usual lines.
He condemned the colonial policy of
England, and said in conclusion:
"Our opponents tell us that if I am
elected the war in the Philippines is
over, but that it will go on in case I
am elected. The fact is that the war
will continue if the Republicans carry
the election, but the war will cease if
we win, for we have promised inde-

which he visited during the day. Many
of the places at which he spoke are
Republican in sentiment, but in all
cases the crowds were larger in propor-
tion to population and in most of them
there was a high degree of friendly
interest manifested.

LAST SPEECH OF CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Bryan was met at the depot by
a large throng of people upon his ar-
rival here at 6 o'clock to-night from
the interior of the State. He spoke
from a temporary stand in postoffice
square, and in the main devoted him-
self to the general issues of the cam-
paign. The speech was cheerfully ap-
plauded and was evidently well received.
Mr. Bryan said:

"There is no chairman here to intro-
duce me; possibly if I were to tell you
my name you would recognize me. We
are at the close of the campaign. To-
morrow will decide what policies are to
be pursued for the next four years, who
is to stand at the head of our Federal
Government, as well as what is to be
the complexion of Congress, the Senate
and House of the State. And in this,
my last occasion to address the people
of my home city, I want to say no mat-
ter what may be the result of to-mor-
row's election, I shall have no blame to
cast upon the people of this commu-
nity and of this State. I never ap-
pear before a Lincoln audience without
feeling anew the gratitude which I owe
to the good people of this community.
No matter what they may do in the
future, they cannot undo what they
have done in the past, and whether I
am elected or not I think my experi-
ence will be of some service to my
country, for I have shown that a young
man, without a single corporation be-
hind him, can amount to something."

ELECTION NEWS TO-NIGHT.

The Virginian-Pilot will use a Mammoth
Stereopticon to give it to the Public.

Returns will be displayed on the front of
the Armory Building, City Hall Ave.

The Service Will Be Complete—In Addi-
tion to the Full Associated Press Re-
port, a Special Wire in the Virginian-
Pilot Building Will Bring the News as
Soon as Obtainable from All Parts of
the Country.

The Virginian-Pilot Will Spare No Ex-
pense to give Its Patrons the News as
Soon as It Can Be Obtained.

THE PUBLIC IS INVITED.

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